Employment Guarantee Scheme (NREGS) is being implemented, have followed the priorities fixed by the Central Government;

- (b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise; and
- (c) the corrective measures taken by Government to see that the priorities fixed by the Central Government are followed by the State Governments?

THE MINISTER OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH): (a) and (b) No, Sir. Works to be taken up by the State Governments under the employment guarantee schemes formulated under NREGA have been prescribed in their order of priority in Para 1 of Schedule 1 of the Act. The State Governments are following the order of priority for selection of works. A total of 415910 works have so far been taken up under the Act since its inception on 2.2.2006, out of which 188035 relate to water conservation, 30631 are drought proofing and plantation, 8248 are flood control works and 105558 are rural roads according to the permissible works of NREGA. Thus the soil and water conservation works taken together constitute 54.55% of the total works taken up unde the Act. State-wise details of the works taken up under the Act are given in the Statement (See below).

(c) Regular monitoring of the implementation of the Act is done by the Central Government. Periodic review meetings have been undertaken by Minister of Rural Development and Secretary (Rural Development) from time to time. National Level Monitors (NLMs) and Area Officers of the Ministry visit various districts to oversee the progress of the Act. So far 137 NLMs and 29 Area Officers have visited the various districts.

## Ban on employing children below age of 14 years

\*108. SHRIMATI MOHSINA KIDWAI: SHRI VIJAY J. DARDA:

Will the Minister of LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a ban has been imposed recently on

employing children below the age of 14 years in dhabas, restaurants, homes, etc.;

- (b) if so, the details thereof, including the machinery established to implement the ban,
- (c) a broad estimate of the number of children who are employed as labour and are likely to be affected by the ban; and
- (d) the details of the comprehensive plan drawn up, if any, to rehabilitate the children who would be rendered jobless?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND EMPLOYMENT (SHRI OSCAR FERNANDES): (a) Yes, Sir. Under the Child labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986, Government has recently issued a Notification prohibiting employment of children in the following two occupations with effect from 10.10.06

- (i) Employment of children as domestic workers/servants; and
- (ii) Employment of children in dhabas (roadside eateries), restaurants, hotels, motels, tea-shops, spas and other recreational centres etc.
- (b) and (d) As the State Governments are the "appropriate" governments for implementation of the Child Labour (Prohibition & Regulation) Act, 1986 in their respective areas, they have all been advised for taking all appropriate measures for effective implementation of this notification. In this connection, the then Union Labour Minister had written to all the Chief Ministers, and the Union Labour Secretary had also taken up this issue with the Chief Secretaries of all State Governments/UTs. Government of India has also held consultations with the State Governments, NGOs and other stake holders, at zonal level all over the country during the months of September and October, 2006, before the ban became effective. During these zonal conferences held at Bangalore (Southern Zone), Guwahati (North Eastern Zone), Ranchi (Eastern Zone), Amritsar (Northern Zone) and Goa (Western Zone), the State Government

discussed their respective action plans for effecting the ban and for the rehabilitation of these children. All the State Governments have assured that the Central Government's Notification would be duly implemented, alongwith rehabilitation of the affected children, wherever required. NGOs and other members of civil society also participated in these consultations and have assured support, wherever necessary.

The Government is implementing the National Child Labour Scheme in 250 districts of 20 States in the country. Another 21 districts have been taken up under an Indo-US Child Labour Project. Under the Scheme, children withdrawn from work are provided education, nutrition, vocational training, stipend and healthcare etc. In addition, to take care of the special needs of the children who would be withdrawn from work from these two occupations, shelter homes and Child Line, an emergency toll free helpline under the Ministry of Women and Child Development, would be used to provide immediate help to these children in terms of food, clothing and shelter.

Ministry of Labour and Employment has also recently held meetings with representatives of other Ministries like Ministry of Women and Child Development, M/o. Human Resource Development, M/o. Rural Development, Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment and M/o. Urban Development and Poverty Alleviation to ensure coordination and convergence of existing Central Government Schemes in the rehabilitation measures, and to address other issues related to the implementation of the recent Notification dated 10th October, 2006.

(c) Census is the most authentic source of data on Child Labour. As per the Census 2001, there are 1.26 crores working children in the country. Approximately 2.56 lakhs children, as per the Census 2001 are working in these two occupations. However, these figures are indicative since the categorisation of occupations in Census does not entirely match with the list of hazardous occupations listed under the Act insofar as child labour working in dhabas, restaurants etc. are concerned.

Statement

Physical Performance under National Rural Employment Guarantee Act during 2006-07

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